

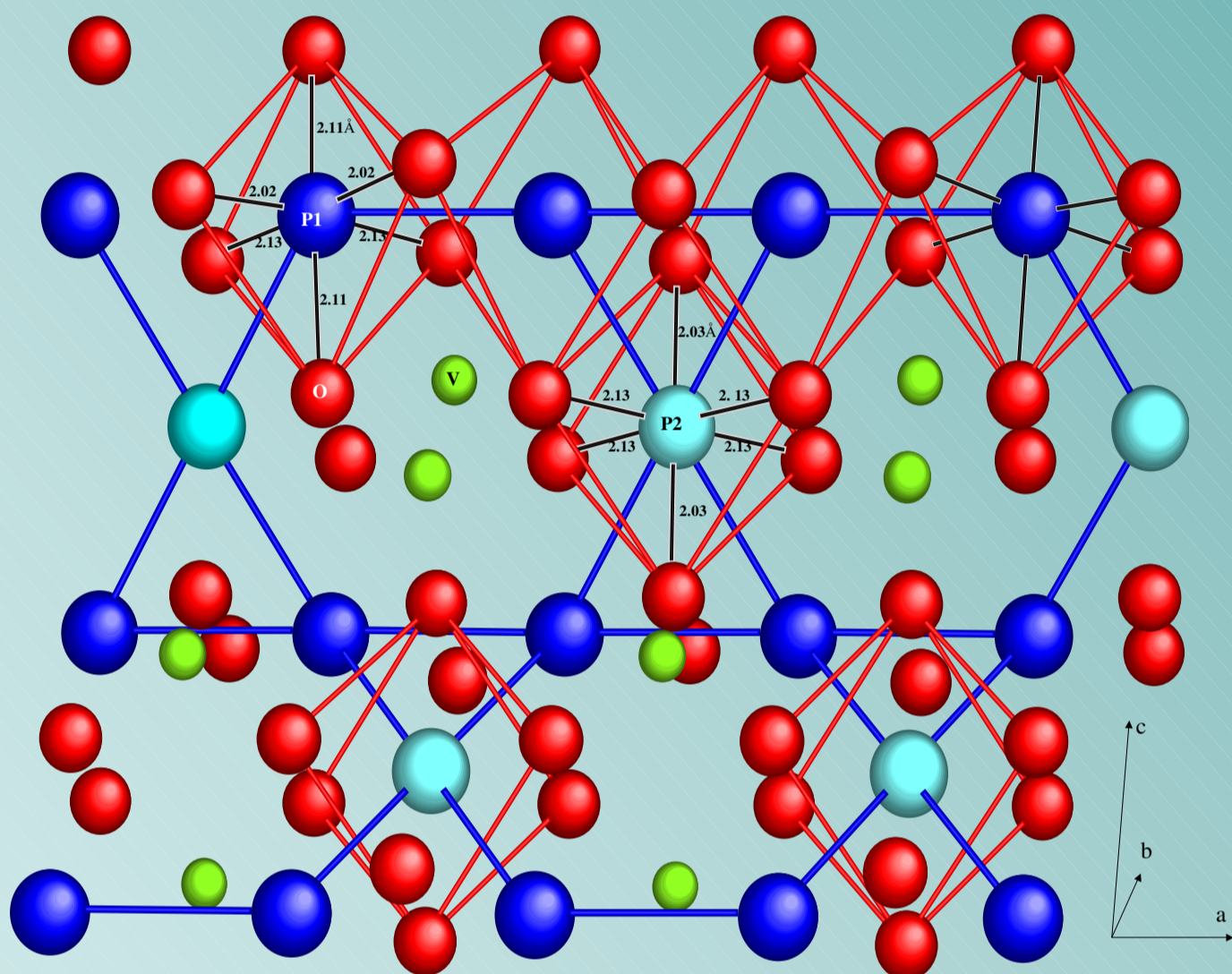
# EPR in kagomé staircase compound $\text{Mg}_{2.997}\text{Co}_{0.003}\text{V}_2\text{O}_8$

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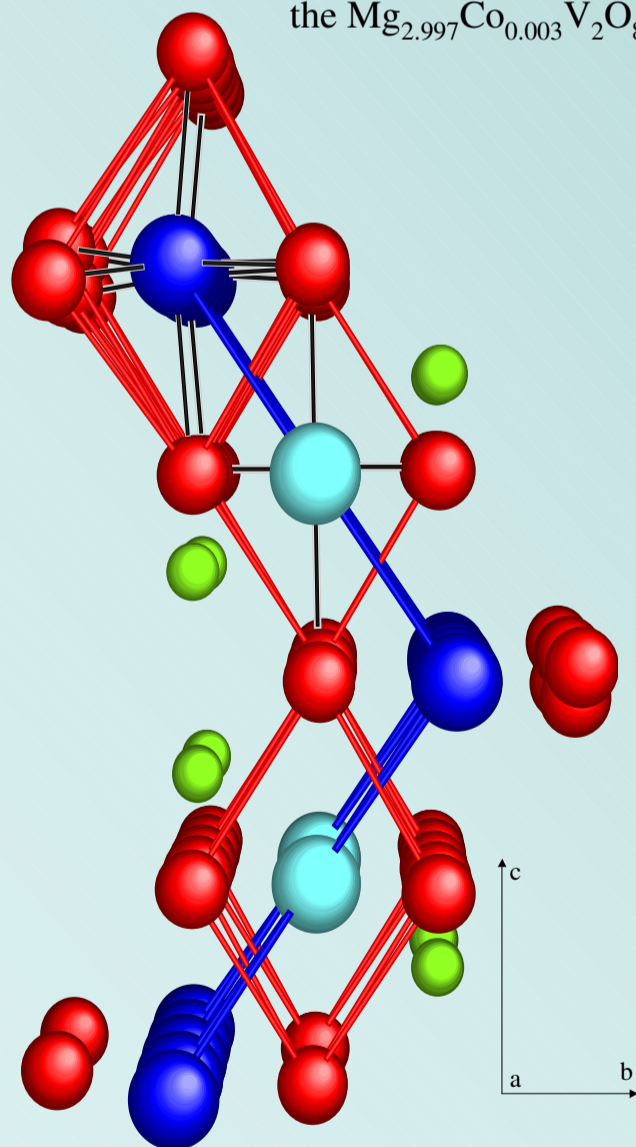
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**Purpose:** investigation of local symmetry of Co ions in buckled kagomé staircase  $\text{Mg}_{2.997}\text{Co}_{0.003}\text{V}_2\text{O}_8$  single crystals by EPR technique.

$\text{Mg}_{2.997}\text{Co}_{0.003}\text{V}_2\text{O}_8$  single crystals:  
 - grown from polycrystalline feed rods by floating zone technique  
 - X-Ray: single-phase, orthorhombic (Cmca) structure  
 - the samples were the roentgenographically oriented disks of 3 mm diameter and thickness of 0.5 mm



The crystal structure of the  $\text{Mg}_{2.997}\text{Co}_{0.003}\text{V}_2\text{O}_8$ .



## Main results:

The EPR spectra were observed at temperature below 40 K. The spectrum consists of two groups of eight hyperfine structure components due to  $^{59}\text{Co}$  nuclear spin  $I=7/2$ . The two nonequivalent positions produce the two group of the observed lines which is interpreted as being the consequence of the transitions between the lowest Kramers doublet ( $M_s=\pm 1/2$ ) levels. The position of experimental resonance lines can be described by a spin-Hamiltonian of rhombic symmetry with an effective spin  $S=1/2$  and nuclear spin  $I=7/2$ ,

$$\hat{H} = \mu_B (\vec{B}g\hat{S}) + (\hat{S}A\hat{I})$$

where  $\hat{S}$  - the spin operator,  $A$  - tensor of the hyperfine interactions and  $\hat{I}$  - the nuclear spin operator. The components of the  $g$ -tensor can be written as follows:

$$g_x = (10/3 - 8/3\alpha) + k(1 - 2\alpha)$$

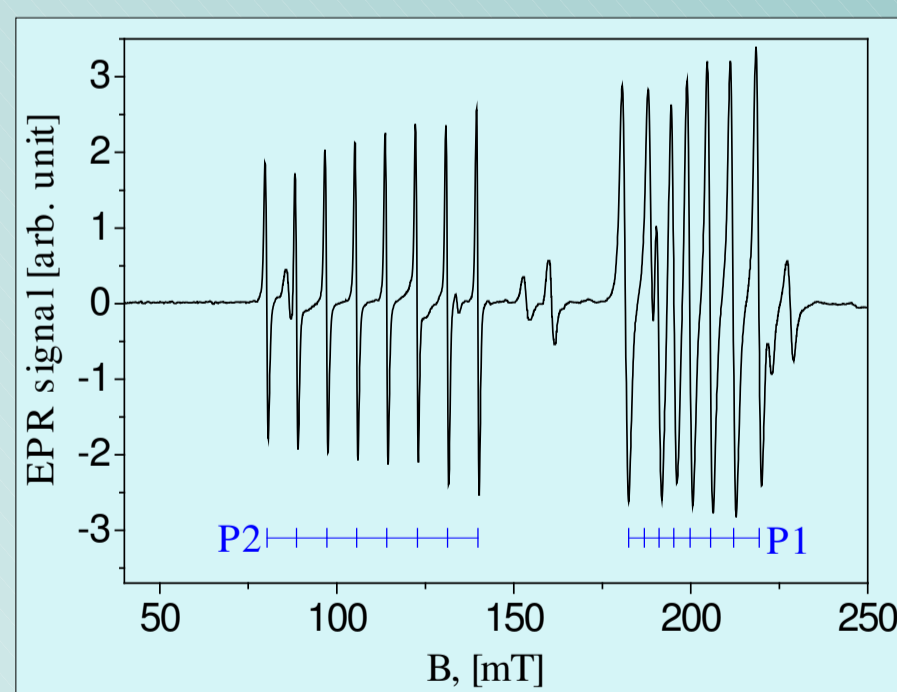
$$g_y = (10/3 + 4/3\alpha + 4/3r) + k(1 + \alpha + r)$$

$$g_z = (10/3 + 4/3\alpha - 4/3r) + k(1 + \alpha - r)$$

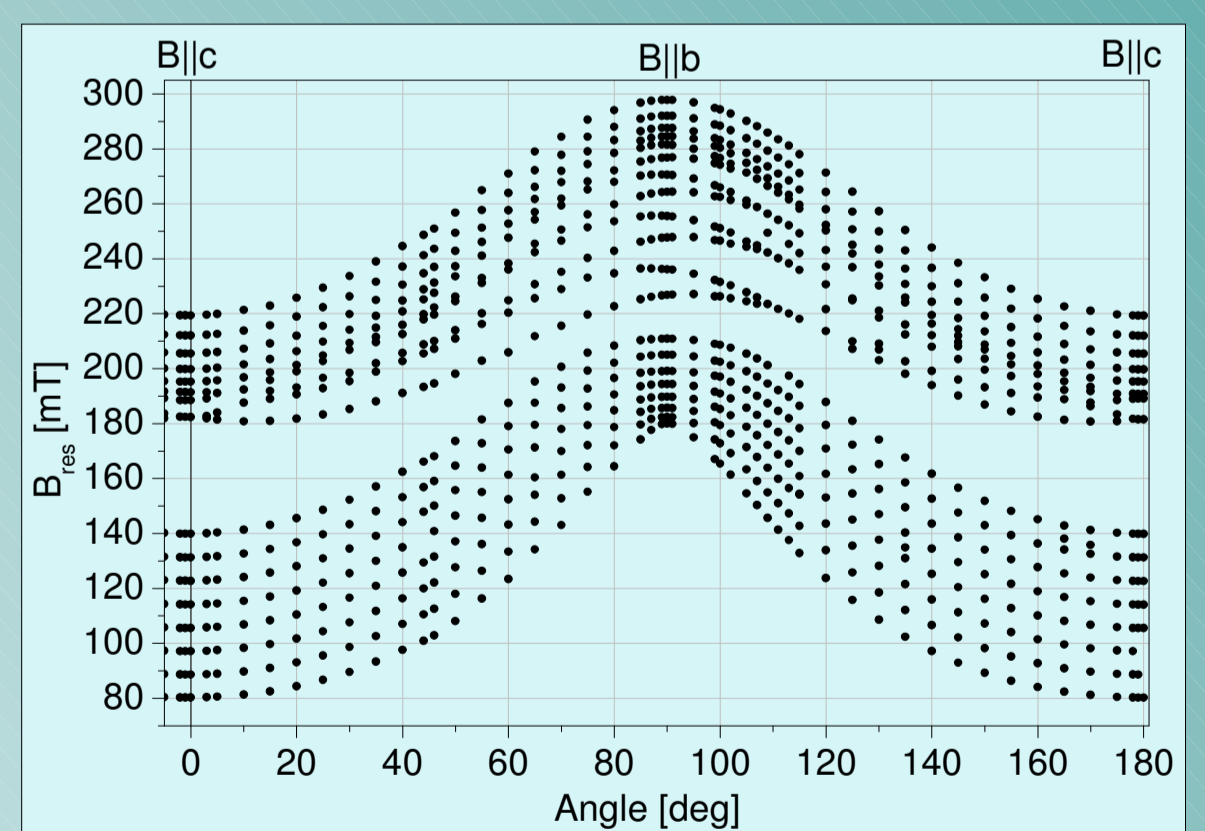
where  $\alpha$  denotes the axial distortion,  $r$  is the rhombic distortions,  $k$  is the orbital reduction factor corresponding to the reduction of the orbital angular momentum by charge transfer from the paramagnetic ion to the surrounding oxygen ions.

The main values of the  $g$ ,  $A$  tensors and distortion parameters for both positions

Position	$g_a$	$g_b$	$g_c$	$A_a$ ( $\times 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ )	$A_b$ ( $\times 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ )	$A_c$ ( $\times 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ )	axial distortion	rhombic distortion	Orbital reduction factor
P1	7.038(1)	2.42(1)	3.36(1)	373.6(3)	72.7(7)	79.2(4)	-0,608	-0,208	0,941
P2	3.247(4)	3.47(1)	6.095(2)	34.8(2)	72.2(4)	242.6(1)	-0,402	-0,048	0,936



The EPR spectrum of  $\text{Mg}_{2.997}\text{Co}_{0.003}\text{V}_2\text{O}_8$  for the magnetic field applied parallel to the  $c$  axis at  $T=4.2\text{K}$ .



The angular dependence of the EPR spectrum in the plane  $bc$  at  $T=4.2\text{K}$ .

## Conclusions

- The orbital contribution to the magnetic momentum of Co ions is reduced.
- The local symmetry of oxygen octahedron surrounding Co ions in "cross-tie" and "spine" positions was found to be rhombic.
- The main values of the  $g$ -factors and hyperfine structure were determined for both cobalt positions.

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